

# NODE

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ASYNCHRONOUS JAVASCRIPT

# Problem

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```
console.log("Before...");
setTimeout(function () {
  console.log("Reading a user from DB");
}, 2000);
console.log("After...");
// Whats the output
```

# Output of Problem

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Before...

After...

Reading a user from DB

# ASynchronous

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Its not

- Concurrent
- Multi Threaded

It is

- Just a function scheduled to be called in future

# Output

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```
console.log("Before");
const user = getUser();
console.log(user);
console.log("After");
//Output
//Before
//dummy
//After
//DB Query entertained
```

```
function getUser(){
  setTimeout(function(){
    console.log('DB Query entertained');
    return {id:9,name:'usman'}
  },1000);
return "dummy";
}
```

# Patterns for Dealing with Asynchronous Code

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Callback

Promises

Async/await

# CallBack

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```
function getUser(id, callback) {  
  setTimeout(function () {  
    console.log("Reading User");  
    callback({ id: id, name: "Usman" });  
  }, 2000)  
}
```

# CallBack

---

```
console.log("Before");
getUser(1, function (userObj) {
  console.log("Received User");
  console.log(userObj);
});
console.log("After");
```



# Imagine this 😞 (Callback Hell)

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```
getUser(1, (user) => {
  getRepositories(user.gitHubUsername, (repos) =>
  {
    getCommits(repos[0], (commits) => {
      console.log(commits);
    })
  })
});
//You can use named Functions but still NOOOOO
```

# Promise

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```
const p = new Promise(function(resolve, reject){
  resolve({name: "hareem"});
  reject(new Error("Hareem is naughty"));
});
p.then((result)=>{
  console.log(result.name);
});
p.catch((error)=>{console.log("Error
Caught"+error.message)});
```

# Promise

---

```
const p = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {  
  // Kick off some async work  
  // ...  
  setTimeout(() => {  
    resolve(1); // pending => resolved, fulfilled  
    reject(new Error('message')); //pending => rejected  
  }, 2000);  
});
```

# Using Promise

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```
p.then(result => console.log('Result',  
result))  
  
.catch(err => console.log('Error',  
err.message));
```

# Beauty in Code

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```
getUser(1)
  .then(user => getRepositories(user.githubUsername))
  .then(repos => getCommits(repos[0]))
  .then(commits => console.log('Commits', commits))
  .catch(err => console.log('Error', err.message));
```

# Async and Await approach

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```
async function displayCommits() {
  try {
    const user = await getUser(1);
    const repos = await getRepositories(user.githubUsername);
    const commits = await getCommits(repos[0]);
    console.log(commits);
  }
  catch (err) {
    console.log('Error', err.message);
  }
}
```

# Resolved Promises (For Testing)

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```
Promise.resolve(1);
```

```
Promise.reject(new Error(' '));
```

# Running Promises in parallel

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`Promise.all([p1, p2]);` // When all promises are resolved

`Promise.race([p1, p2]);` // When any one finished first



# Sample Code

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<https://1drv.ms/f/s!AtGKdbMmNBGd0V1N14IfBGU1Npoi>